PAEDODONTICS & PREVENTIVE DENTISTRY

Objectives

At the end of 3 years of training the candidate should be able to

- 1. Create not only a good oral health in the child but also a good citizen tomorrow.
- 2. Instill a positive attitude and behavior in children
- 3. Understand the principles of prevention & preventive dentistry right from birth to adolescence
- 4. Guide and counsel the parents in regards to various treatment modalities including different facets of preventive dentistry
- 5. Prevent and intercept developing malocclusion

Skills

- 1. Obtain proper clinical history, methodological examination of the child patient, perform essential diagnostic procedures and interpret them, and arrive at a reasonable diagnosise and treat appropriately
- 2. Be competent to treat dental diseases which are occurring in child patient.
- 3. Manage to repair and restore the lost / tooth structure to maintain harmony between both hard and soft tissues of the oral cavity.
- 4. Manage the disabled children effectively and efficiently, tailored to the needs of individual requirement and conditions.

Attitudes

- 1. Develop an attitude to adopt ethical principles in all aspects of Pedodontic practice.
- 2. Professional honesty and integrity are to be fostered
- 3. Treatment care is to be delivered irrespective of the social status, cast, creed, and religion of the patients.
- 4. Willingness to share the knowledge and clinical experience with professional colleagues.
- Willingness to adopt, after a critical assessment, new methods and techniques of Pedodontic management developed from time to time, based on scientific research, which are in the best interest of the child patient.
- 6. Respect child patient's rights and privileges, including child patients right to information and right to seek a second opinion.
- Develop an attitude to seek opinion from allied medical and dental specialities, as and when required

Course contents

- 1. Applied Anatomy & genetics
- 2. Applied Physiology
- 3. Applied Pathology
- 4. Nutrition and Die tics
- 5. Growth & Development: Prenatal and postnatal development of cranium, face, jaws, teeth and

- supporting structures. Chronology of dental development and development of occlusion. Dimensional changes in dental arches. Cephalometric evaluation of growth.
- 6. Child Psychology: Development & Classification of behavior, personality, intelligence in children, theories of child psychology, stages of psychological child development, fear anxiety, apprehension dt its management
- 7. Behavior Management: Non-pharmacological 8b Pharmacological methods.
- 8. Child Abuse & Dental Neglect
- 9. Conscious Sedation, Deep Sedation 8s General Anesthesia in Pediatric Dentistry: (Including Other Drugs, Synergic & Antagonistic Actions of Various Drugs Used in Children
- 10. Preventive Pedodontics: Concepts, chair bide preventive measures for dental diseases, high-risk caries including rampant & extensive caries Recognition, Features & Preventive Management, Pit and Fissures Sealants, Oral Hygiene measures, Correlation of brushing with dental caries and periodontal diseases. Diet 8s Nutrition as related to dental caries. Diet Counseling
- 11. Dental Plaque: Definition, Initiation, Pathogenesis, Biochemistry, and Morphology' & Metabolism.
- 12. Microbiology & Immunology as related to Oral Diseases in Children. Basic concepts, immune system in human body, Auto Immune diseases, Histopathology, Pathogenesis, Immunology of dental caries, Periodontal diseases. Tumors, Oral Mucosal lesions etc.
- 13. Gingival 8s Periodontal diseases in Children:
- Normal Gingiva & Periodontium in children.
- Gingival & Periodontal diseases Etiology, Pathogenesis, Prevention & Management
- 14. Pediatric Operative Dentistry
- Principle Of Operative Dentistry along with modifications of materials/past, current & latest including tooth colored materials.
- Modifications required for cavity preparation in primary and young permanent teeth.
- Various Isolation Techniques
- Restorations of decayed primary, young permanent and permanent teeth in children using various restorative material like Glass Ionomer, Composites, Silver, Amalgam & latest material (gallium)
- Stainless steel, Polycarbonate 8s Resin Crowns / Veneers & fibre pvit systems.
- 15. Pediatric Endodontics:
- a. Primary Dentition: Diagnosis of pulpal diseases and their management Pulp capping, Pulpotomy, Pulpectomy (Materials & Methods), Controversies 8s recent concepts.

- b. Young permanent teeth and permanent teeth, Pulp capping, Pulpotomy, Apexogenesis, Apexification, Concepts, Techniques and Materials used for different procedures.
- c. Recent advances in Pediatric diagnosis and Endodontics.
- 16. Prosthetic consideration in-Paediatric Dentistry.
- 17. Traumatic Injuries in Children:
- Classifications & Importance.
- Sequalae & reaction of teeth to trauma.
- Management of Traumatized teeth with latest concepts.
- · Management of jaw fracture in children.

18. Interceptive Orthodontics:

- a. Concepts of occlusion and esthetics: Structure and function of all anatomic components of occlusion, mechanics of articulations, recording of masticatory function, diagnosis of Occlusal dysfunction, relationship of TMJ anatomy and pathology and related neuromuscular physiology.
- b. A comprehensive review of the local and systemic factors in the causation of malocclusion.
- c. Recognition and management of normal and abnormal developmental occlusions in primary, mixed and permanent dentitions in children (Occlusal Guidance).
- d. Biology of tooth movement: A comprehensive review of the principles of teeth movement Review of contemporary literature. Histopathology of bone and Periodontal ligament, Molecular and ultra cellular consideration in tooth movement.
- e. Myofunctional appliances: Basic principles, contemporary appliances: Design & Fabrication
- f. Removable appliances: Basic principles, contemporary' appliances: Design & Fabrication
- g. Case selection & diagnosis in interceptive Orthodontics (Cephalometric, Image processing, Tracing, Radiation hygiene, Video imaging 8s advance Cephalometric techniques).
- h. Space Management: Etiology, Diagnosis of space problems, analysis, Biomechanics, Planned extraction in interception orthodontics.

19. Oral Habits in Children:

- Definition, Etiology & Classification
- Clinical features of digit sucking, tongue thrusting, mouth breathing 8s various other secondary habits.
- Management of oral habits in children

20. Dental ware of Children with special needs:

- Definition Etiology, Classification, Behavioral, Clinical features 8s Management of children with:
- Physically handicapping conditions
- Mentally compromising conditions
- Medically compromising conditions

- Genetic disorders
- 21. Oral manifestations of Systemic Conditions in Children 8s their Management
- 22. Management of Minor Oral Surgical Procedures in Children
- 23. Dental Radiology as related to Pediatric Dentistry

24. Cariology

- · Historical background
- Definition, Etiology & Pathogenesis
- Caries pattern in primary, young permanent and permanent teeth in children.
- Rampant caries, early childhood caries and extensive caries. Definition, etiology, Pathogenesis, Clinical features, Complications 8s Management.
- Role of diet and nutrition in Dental Caries
- Dietary modifications 8s Diet counseling.
- Subjective 8s objective methods of Caries detection with emphasis on Caries Activity tests, Caries prediction, Caries susceptibility 8s their clinical Applications
- 25. Pediatric Oral Medicine 8s Clinical Pathology: Recognition 8s Management of developmental dental anomalies, teething disorders, stomatological conditions, mucosal lesions, viral infections etc.
- 26. Congenital Abnormalities in Children: Definition, Classification, Clinical features of Management.
- 27. Dental Emergencies in Children and their Management.
- 28. Dental Materials used in Pediatric Dentistry.

29. Preventive Dentistry:

- Definition
- Principles 8s Scope
- Types of prevention
- Different preventive measures used in Pediatric Dentistry including fissure sealants and caries vaccine.
- 30. Dental Hearth Education 8s School Dental Health Programmes
- 31. Dental health concepts, Effects of civilization and environment, Dental Health delivery system, Public Health measures related to children along with principles of Pediatric Preventive Dentistry

32. Fluorides:

- · Historical background
- Systemic & Topical fluorides
- Mechanism of action

- Toxicity & Management.
- · Defluoridation techniques.
- 33. Medicological aspects in Paediatric Dentistry with emphasis on informed concept.
- 34. Counseling in Padeiatric Dentistry
- 35. Case History Recording, Outline of principles of examination, diagnosis & treatment planning.
- 36. Epidemiology: Concepts, Methods of recording & evaluation of various oral diseases. Various national & global trends of epidemiology of oral diseases.
- 37. Comprehensive Infant Oral Health Care.
- 38. Principles of Bio-Statistics & Research Methodology & Understanding of Computers and Photography
- 39. Comprehensive cleft care management with emphasis on counseling, feeding, nasoalveolar bone remodeling, speech rehabilitation.
- 40. Setting up of Pedodontics & Preventive Dentistry Clinic.
- 41. Emerging concept in Paediatric Dentistry of scope of laser/minimum invasive procedures:

1ST YEAR

Preclinical Work

(Duration - first 6 Months of First Year MDS) (One On Each Exercise)

- 1. Carving of all deciduous teeth
- 2. Basic wire bending exercises
- 3. Fabrication of
 - a. Maxillary bite plate / Hawley's'
 - b. Maxillary expansion screw appliance
 - c. Canine retractor appliance
 - d. All habit breaking appliances
 - i. Removable type
 - ii. Fixed type
 - iii. Partially fixed and removable
 - e. Two Myofunctional appliance
 - f. Making of inclined plane appliance
 - g. Feeding appliances
- 4. Basic soldering exercise I making of a lamppost of stainless steel wire pieces of different gauges soldered on either side of heavy gauge main post.
- 5. Fabrication of space maintainers
 - a. Removable type-
- Unilateral Non functional space maintainer
- Bilateral Non-Functional space maintainer

- Unilateral functional space maintainer
- Bilateral functional space maintainer
 - b. Space Regainers -
- Hawley's appliances with Helical space regainer
- Removable appliance with Slingshot space regainer
- Removable appliance with Dumbbell space regainer
 - c. Fixed Space maintainers
- Band & long loop space maintainer
- · Band & short loop space maintainer
- Mayne's space maintainer
- Transpalatal arch space maintainer
- Nance Palatal holding arch
- Nance Palatal holding arch with canine stoppers
- Gerber space regainer
- · Distal shoe appliance
- a. Active space maintainers
- b. For guiding the eruption of first permanent molar -rags
- c. Arch holding device
- d. Functional space maintainer
- 6. Basics for spot welding exercise
- 7. Collection of extracted deciduous and permanent teeth
 - a. Sectioning of the teeth at various levels and planes
 - b. Drawing of section and shapes of pulp
 - c. Phantom Head Excersies: Performing ideal cavity preparation for various restorative materials for both Deciduous and permanent teeth
 - d. Performing pulpotomy, root canal treatment and Apexification procedure
- Tooth preparation and fabrication of various temporary and permanent restorations on fractured anterior teeth.
- ii) Preparation of teeth for various types of crowns
- iii) Laminates/veneers
- iv) Bonding & banding exercise
- 8. Performing of behavioral rating and IQ tests for children.
- 9. Computation of: -

Caries index and performing various carrier activity test.

Oral Hygiene Index

Periodontal Index

Fluorosis Index

- 10. Surgical Exercises: a. Fabrication of splints b. Type of Wiring c. Suturing, various pvit system, prcing & porm. tuli
 - a. Taking of periapical, occlusal, bitewing radiographs of children
 - b. Developing and processing of films, thus obtained
 - c. Tracing of soft tissue dental and skeletal landmarks as observed on Cephalometric radiographs and drawing of various planes and angles, further interpretation of Cephalometric radiographs is analysis.
 - d. Mixed dentition cast analysis
- 11. Library assignment
- 12. Synopsis

Clinical work Requirements from 7 to 36 months

The following is the minimum requirement to be completed before the candidate can be considered eligible to appear in the final M.D.S Examinations: -

No.	Clinical Work	Total	7 to 12 months	13 to 24 months	25 to 36 months
1	Behavior Management of different age groups children with complete records.	17 '	2	10	5
2	Detailed Case evaluation with complete records, treatment planning and presentation of cases with chair side and discussion	17	2	10	5
3	Step-by-step chair side preve -ntive dentistry scheduled for high risk children with gingival and periodontal diseases & Dental Caries	11	1	5	5
4	Practical application of Preve -ntive dentistry concepts in a class of 35-50 children& Dental Health Education & Motivation.	7	1	4	2
5	Pediatric Operative Dentistry with application of recent concepts.(a). Management of Dental Caries (I) Class I	50	30	10	10

(II) Class II	100	40	50	10
(III) Other Restorations 100	20	50	30	
(b). Management of traumatized	15	04	06	05
anterior teeth				
(c) Aesthetic Restorations	25	05	10	10
(d). Pediatric Endodontic				
Procedures-				
Deciduous teeth				
Pulpotomy /Pulpectomy	150	30	50	70
Permanent Molars-	20	3	7	10
Permanent Incisor-	15	2	3	10
Apexification & Apexogenesis	20	02	08	10
Stainless Steel Crowns				
Other Crowns	50	10	20	20
Fixed Space Maintainers	05	01	02	02
Removable Space Maintainers	30	08	12	10
Functional Maintainers	20	05	07	08
Preventive measures like fluoride applications & Pit & Fissure Sealants applications with complete follow-up and diet counseling	05	01	02	02
Special Assignments(i) School Dental Health Programmes	20	08	08	04
(ii) Camps etc.,	03	01	01	01
	02	01	01	

- 13. Library usage
- 14. Laboratory usage
- 15. Continuing Dental Health Programme
 (The figures given against SI. No. 4 to 12 are the minimum number of recommended procedures to be performed)

Monitoring Learning Progress

It is essential to monitor the learning progress to each candidate through continuous appraisal and regular assessment. It not only helps teachers to evaluate students, but also students to evaluate themselves. The monitoring to be done by the staff of the department based on participation of students in various teaching / learning activities. It may be structured and assessment be done using checklists that assess various aspects. Checklists are given Section IV.

Scheme of Examination

A. Theory 300 Marks

Written examination shall consist of four question papers each of three hours duration. Total marks for each paper will be 75. Paper I, II and III shall consist of two long questions carrying 20 marks each and 5 short essay questions carrying 7 marks each. Paper IV will be on Essay. Questions on recent advances may be asked in any or all the papers. Distribution of topics for each paper will be as follows: *

PAPER-1: Applied Basic Sciences: Applied Anatomy, Physiology, Pathology, Microbiology, Nutrition 8s Dietics, Growth 8s Development and Dental plaque, Genetics.

PAPER-II: Clinical Paedodontics

- 1. Conscious sedation, Deep Sedation & General Anesthesia in Pediatric Dentistry
- 2. Gingival & Periodontal Diseases in Children
- 3. Pediatric Operative Dentistry
- 4. Pediatric Endodontics
- 5. Traumatic Injuries in Children Interceptive Orthodontics
- 6. Oral Habits in children
- 7. Dental Care of Children with special needs
- 8. Oral Manifestations of Systemic Conditions in Children & their Management
- 9. Management of Minor Oral Surgical Procedures in Children
- 10. Dental Radiology as Related to Pediatric Dentistry
- 11. Pediatric Oral Medicine & Clinical Pathology
- 12. Congenital Abnormalities in Children
- 13. Dental Emergencies in Children & Their Management
- 14. Dental Materials Used in Pediatric Dentistry
- 15. Case History Recording
- 16. Setting up of Pedodontic & Preventive Dentistry Clinic

PAPER III: Preventive and Community Dentistry as applied to Pediatric Dentistry

- 1. Child Psychology
- 2. Behavior Management
- 3. Child Abuse & Dental Neglect
- 4. Preventive Pedodontics
- 5. Cariology
- 6. Preventive Dentistry
- 7. Dental Health Education 8s School Dental Health Programmes
- 8. Fluorides
- 9. Epidemiology
- 10. Comprehensive Infant Oral Health Care/Comprehensive cleft care
- 11. Principles of Bio-Statistics 8s Research Methodology 8s Understanding of Computers and Photography

PAPER-IV: Essay

* The topics assigned to the different papers are generally evaluated under those sections. However a strict division of the subject may not be possible and some overlapping of topics is inevitable. Students should be prepared to answer overlapping topics.

B. Practical Examination 200 Marks

The Clinical / Practical and Viva-Voce Examinations are conducted for a minimum of two days.

First Day:

Case Discussion, Pulp Therapy i.e. Pulpectomy on a Primary Molar.
 Case Discussion
 Rubber Dam application
 Working length X-ray
 Obturation
 Total

Pulpectomy on a Primary Molar.
 20 marks
 70 marks

Case Discussion, Crown preparation on a Primary Molar for Stainless steel crown and cementation of the same.

Case discussion10 marksCrown Preparation20 marksCrown selection and Cementation20 marksTotal50 marks

Case discussion, band adaptation for fixed type of space maintainer and-impression making.

Case discussion20 marksBand adaptation20 marksImpression20 marksTotal60 marks

Second Day:

1. Evaluation of Fixed Space Maintainer and Cementation 20 marks

C. Viva Voce: 100 Marks

i. Viva-Voce examination: 80 marks

All examiners will conduct viva-voce conjointly on candidate's comprehension, analytical approach, expression, interpretation of data and communication skills. It includes all components of course contents. It includes presentation and discussion on dissertation also.

ii. Pedagogy Exercise: 20 marks

A topic is given to each candidate in the beginning of clinical examination. He/she is asked to make a presentation on the topic foi 8-10 minutes